SOUTHERN DISTRICT	OF NEW YORK	X	
ANTHONY F. DEBELL		: : :	
	Plaintiff,	:	19-CV-8730 (JMF)
-V-		: :	MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER
LT. WHITE #18909,		:	<del></del>
	Defendant.	: : :	
		v	

JESSE M. FURMAN, United States District Judge

INITED CTATES DISTRICT COLIDT

On February 13, 2020, the Court entered a Memorandum Opinion and Order ("Opinion") dismissing the bulk of Mr. Debellis's claims and granting him leave to amend. *See* ECF No. 18 ("Mem. Op."), at 13. In that Opinion, the Court instructed Mr. Debellis to fill out the Second Amended Complaint form attached thereto with sufficient allegations to remedy the deficiencies identified in the Opinion, and further cautioned that, if he failed to do so, only his sexual assault claim against Lieutenant White would proceed. Mem. Op. 12-13. On June 30, 2020, the Court received two letters from Mr. Debellis dated June 15, 2020, one of which purported to be an "amendment" to his original complaint. ECF Nos. 25-26. Because there was reason to believe that Mr. Debellis had not received the Opinion (due to his being moved from one facility to another), the Court entered an Order renewing his leave to amend and stating that upon receipt of a second amended complaint, his June 15th submissions would be deemed moot. ECF No. 27. On August 20, 2020, after multiple attempts to deliver the Opinion and subsequent Orders to Mr. Debellis, *see* ECF Nos. 24, 27, 31, the Court finally received Mr. Debellis's Second Amended Complaint, dated August 18, 2020, ECF No. 32 ("SAC").

Rule 8 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires a complaint to make a short and plain statement showing that the pleader is entitled to relief. A complaint states a claim for relief if the claim is plausible. See Ashcroft v. Igbal, 556 U.S. 662, 678-79 (2009) (citing Bell Atl. Corp. v. Twombly, 550 U.S. 544, 555 (2007)). Rule 8 also requires that "[e]ach allegation must be simple, concise, and direct," Fed. R. Civ. P. 8(d)(1), in order to "give the defendant fair notice of what the . . . claim is and the grounds upon which it rests." Twombly, 550 U.S. at 555 (2007) (quoting Conley v. Gibson, 355 U.S. 41, 47 (1957)). "When a complaint does not comply with the requirement that it be short and plain, the court has the power, on its own initiative or in response to a motion by the defendant, to strike any portions that are [redundant, immaterial, impertinent, or scandalous]... or to dismiss the complaint." Salahuddin v. Cuomo, 861 F.2d 40, 42 (2d Cir. 1988) (citing Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(f)); see also Shomo v. State of N.Y., 374 F. App'x 180, 182 (2d Cir. 2010) (summary order) (holding that where a complaint "contain[ed] a surfeit of detail . . . the district court was within bounds of discretion to strike or dismiss the complaint for noncompliance with Rule 8"); Lafurno v. Walters, No. 18-CV-1935 (JS) (ARL), 2018 WL 2766144, at \*3 (E.D.N.Y. June 8, 2018) (dismissing pro se plaintiff's 61-page complaint that included a 66-page "memorandum of law" and 157-page "affidavit").

Measured against these standards, Mr. Debellis's Second Amended Complaint falls woefully short. For one thing, it does not contain a short and plain statement showing he is entitled to relief and does not provide fair notice to Defendants of the nature of his claims so that they may answer and prepare for trial. Indeed, the Second Amended Complaint contains no allegations whatsoever — even with respect to the alleged sexual assault claim against Lieutenant White, which survived the Court's Opinion. Making matters worse, the Second Amended Complaint includes several inappropriate and impertinent statements. See, e.g., SAC 4 ("[T]his is why the country is in the condition its [sic] in, absolutely no accountability for corrupt

officials! . . . [T]ake your Court and shove it! . . . [I]s this some kind of sick joke!"); *id.* at 5 (stating, in a section of the complaint form regarding alleged injuries: "I'll make sure my kids know why they don't have a dad anymore, when I open my fucking veins!"). Whatever Plaintiff's views about the Court's decisions or handling of his case may be, these statements are inappropriate and have no place in a court submission, let alone a complaint. Although Courts are required to construe *pro se* pleadings liberally, *Harris v. Mills*, 572 F.3d 66, 72 (2d Cir. 2009), and interpret them to raise the "strongest [claims] that they suggest," *Triestman v. Fed. Bureau of Prisons*, 470 F.3d 471, 474 (2d Cir. 2006) (internal quotation marks and citations omitted), the Court's "special solicitude," *Ruotolo v. I.R.S.*, 28 F.3d 6, 8 (2d Cir. 1994) (per curiam), has its limits. Mr. Debellis's Second Amended Complaint goes far beyond those limits.

Accordingly, the Court strikes the Second Amended Complaint as immaterial and impertinent. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(f); cf. Prezzi, 469 F.2d at 692 (affirming dismissal of voluminous pro se complaint and affirming dismissal of shorter amended complaint which was "equally prolix and for the most part incomprehensible."). In the alternative, the Court dismisses the Second Amended Complaint for failure to state a claim. The Court would be on firm ground leaving things there and dismissing the case in its entirety. Nevertheless, and notwithstanding the many ways in which the Court has already bent over backwards to ensure that Mr. Debellis has a meaningful opportunity to file an amended pleading, the Court will grant Mr. Debellis one final opportunity to file a proper amended complaint within 45 days of this

Memorandum Opinion and Order that addresses the deficiencies identified in the Opinion and here. A blank Second Amended Complaint form is attached to this Memorandum Opinion and Order for Mr. Debellis to use. To be clear, the Court will not consider Mr. Debellis's June 15th submissions and will only consider claims properly raised in the amended complaint. If Mr. Debellis does not file anything by that date, or if the submission is again deficient, the only claim

that will proceed is the sexual assault claim against Lieutenant White.

Finally, liberally construed, Mr. Debellis's Second Amended Complaint appears to make a request for counsel. SAC 4 ("I need a dam [sic] lawyer!"). The factors to be considered in ruling on an indigent litigant's request for counsel include the merits of the case, Plaintiff's efforts to obtain a lawyer, and Plaintiff's ability to gather the facts and present the case if unassisted by counsel. *See Cooper v. A. Sargenti Co.*, 877 F.2d 170, 172 (2d Cir. 1989); *Hodge v. Police Officers*, 802 F.2d 58, 60-62 (2d Cir. 1986). Of these, the merits are "[t]he factor which command[s] the most attention." *Cooper*, 877 F.2d at 172. Because it is too early in the proceedings for the Court to assess the merits of the action, Plaintiff's motion for counsel is denied without prejudice to renewal at a later date.

The Court certifies under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(3) that any appeal from this order would not be taken in good faith, and therefore in forma pauperis status is denied for the purpose of an appeal. *See Coppedge v. United States*, 369 U.S. 438, 444-45 (1962).

The Clerk of Court is directed to mail a copy of this Memorandum Opinion and Order to Mr. Debellis at the address below.

United States District Judge

SO ORDERED.

Dated: August 27, 2020

New York, New York

Mail to: Anthony F. "Gianfranco" Debellis

DIN 19R2419

Mohawk Correctional Facility

6514 Rt. 26

P.O. Box 8451

Rome, New York 13442

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# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Write the full name of each plaintiff.	CV (Include case number if one has beer assigned)
-against-	SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT (Prisoner)
	Do you want a jury trial? □ Yes □ No
Write the full name of each defendant. If you cannot fit the names of all of the defendants in the space provided, please write "see attached" in the space above and attach an additional sheet of paper with the full list of names. The names listed above must be identical to those contained in Section IV.	

### **NOTICE**

The public can access electronic court files. For privacy and security reasons, papers filed with the court should therefore *not* contain: an individual's full social security number or full birth date; the full name of a person known to be a minor; or a complete financial account number. A filing may include *only*: the last four digits of a social security number; the year of an individual's birth; a minor's initials; and the last four digits of a financial account number. See Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 5.2.

State below the federal legal basis for your claim, if known. This form is designed primarily for

## I. LEGAL BASIS FOR CLAIM

often brought under	•	nst state, county,	s of confinement; those claims ar , or municipal defendants) or in a	e
☐ Violation of my	federal constitutional	rights		
☐ Other:				
II. PLAINTIF	F INFORMATION			
Each plaintiff must p	rovide the following in	formation. Attach	h additional pages if necessary.	
First Name	Middle Initial	Last Na	lame	
	es (or different forms oviously filing a lawsuit		u have ever used, including any na	эте
	have previously been i such as your DIN or NY		r's custody, please specify each ag you were held)	gency
Current Place of Det	ention			
Institutional Address				
County, City		State	Zip Code	
III. PRISONEF	R STATUS			
Indicate below whet	her you are a prisoner	or other confined	d person:	
☐ Pretrial detained	ò			
☐ Civilly committed detainee				
☐ Immigration detainee				
☐ Convicted and sentenced prisoner				
Other:				

## IV. DEFENDANT INFORMATION

To the best of your ability, provide the following information for each defendant. If the correct information is not provided, it could delay or prevent service of the complaint on the defendant. Make sure that the defendants listed below are identical to those listed in the caption. Attach additional pages as necessary.

Defendant 1:					
	First Name	Last Name	Shield #		
	Current Job Title (or other identifying information)				
	Current Work Addr	ess			
	County, City	State	Zip Code		
Defendant 2:	First Name	Last Name	Shield #		
	Current Job Title (o	r other identifying information)			
	Current Work Addr	ess			
	County, City	State	Zip Code		
Defendant 3:					
	First Name	Last Name	Shield #		
	Current Job Title (or other identifying information)				
Current Work Address					
	County, City	State	Zip Code		
Defendant 4:			01:11"		
	First Name	Last Name	Shield #		
	Current Job Title (or other identifying information)				
	Current Work Address				
	County, City	State	Zip Code		

V.	STATEMENT OF CLAIM
Place	s) of occurrence:
Date(	s) of occurrence:
FACT	'S:
harme	here briefly the FACTS that support your case. Describe what happened, how you were ed, and how each defendant was personally involved in the alleged wrongful actions. Attach onal pages as necessary.

INJURIES:
If you were injured as a result of these actions, describe your injuries and what medical treatment, if any, you required and received.
VI. RELIEF
State briefly what money damages or other relief you want the court to order.

#### VII. PLAINTIFF'S CERTIFICATION AND WARNINGS

By signing below, I certify to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief that: (1) the complaint is not being presented for an improper purpose (such as to harass, cause unnecessary delay, or needlessly increase the cost of litigation); (2) the claims are supported by existing law or by a nonfrivolous argument to change existing law; (3) the factual contentions have evidentiary support or, if specifically so identified, will likely have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for further investigation or discovery; and (4) the complaint otherwise complies with the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 11.

I understand that if I file three or more cases while I am a prisoner that are dismissed as frivolous, malicious, or for failure to state a claim, I may be denied *in forma pauperis* status in future cases.

I also understand that prisoners must exhaust administrative procedures before filing an action in federal court about prison conditions, 42 U.S.C. § 1997e(a), and that my case may be dismissed if I have not exhausted administrative remedies as required.

I agree to provide the Clerk's Office with any changes to my address. I understand that my failure to keep a current address on file with the Clerk's Office may result in the dismissal of my case.

Each Plaintiff must sign and date the complaint. Attach additional pages if necessary. If seeking to proceed without prepayment of fees, each plaintiff must also submit an IFP application.

Dated		Plaintiff's Signature	2	
First Name	Middle Initial	Last Name		
Prison Address				
County, City	Sta	te	Zip Code	
Date on which I am delivering this complaint to prison authorities for mailing:				